G	GRAMMAR WORKSHEET FUTURE CONTINUOUS											
	I You He She It We They	will b	e	study <b>ing</b> .		I You He She It We They	will not be		study <b>ing</b> .		I will = I'll you will = you'll he will = he'll she will = she'll it will = it'll we will = we'll they will = they'll	
г					Yes,	ı	No,			will not = won't		
	Will	I you he she it we they	be	<b>be</b> study <b>ing</b> ?		l you he she it we they	will.	you he she it we they	will not.			
•	Use the words to write sentences with Future Continuous. Use 'will be' or 'won't be' or 'won't'.											
1.	(I / not travel / next week) I won't be traveling next week.											
	(Sam / study / at two o'clock)											
	(you / work / tonight?)											
	A: (she / study?)? B: No, she											
	(they / not drive / tomorrow)											
	A: (you / sleep?) B: Yes, I											
	(we / watch TV / tonight)											
	(Mr. Smith / fly to Italy / soon)											
	(the sun / set / at seven o'clock)											
	A: (we / eat / soon?) B: Yes, we											
		(where / you / stay?)										
12.	(I / do my homework / tonight)											

**14.** A: (she / play?) \_\_\_\_\_\_? B: No, she \_\_\_\_\_

**13.** (how / they / get to work?) \_\_\_\_\_

15. (I / get a haircut / this afternoon)

#### **GRAMMAR WORKSHEET**

## **ALL Things Grammar**

**Grammar Focus** Future Continuous

Level Intermediate

### **ANSWER KEY**

- **1.** I won't be traveling next week.
- **2.** Sam will be studying at two o'clock.
- **3.** Will you be working tonight?
- **4.** A: Will she be studying?
  - B: No, she won't.
- **5.** They won't be driving tomorrow.
- **6.** A: Will you be sleeping? B: Yes, I will.
- 7. We will be watching TV tonight.
- **8.** Mr. Smith will be flying to Italy soon.
- The sun will be setting at seven o'clock.

- 10. A: Will we be eating soon?
  - B: Yes, we will.
- 11. Where will you be staying?
- **12.** I will be doing my homework tonight.
- 13. How will they be getting to work?
- 14. A: Will she be playing?
  - B: No, she won't.
- **15.** I will be getting a haircut this afternoon.

# Grades as percentages

**15** / 15 = 100%

**14** / 15 = 93

**13** / 15 = 87

**12** / 15 = 80

**11** / 15 = 73

**10** / 15 = 67

9/15 = 608/15 = 53

**3** / 15 = 33

**7** / 15 = 47

**6** / 15 = 40

**5** / 15 = 33

4/15 = 27

**3** / 15 = 25

**2** / 15 = 20

**1** / 15 = 7

0/15 = 0%

## **Grammar Notes**

- Contractions are common in spoken English. However, they are not so common in written English such as formal business letters or essays.
- 2. In English, we can say, "He'll be walking to school this afternoon." However, you should never say, "Yes, he'll" (or she'll, etc.) without a following verb to answer a question.

For example: (A) Will he be walking to school?

(B) Yes, he'll.

The above example is a mistake.

The following is correct:

(B) Yes, he will.

**3.** 'Won't' is very common is spoken English. However, saying 'will not' can emphasize the sentence.

For example: No, I will not give up!